The Hartford Working Group Hartford, Illinois

CSM Investigation Work Plan

The Hartford Area Hydrocarbon Plume Site

Hartford, Illinois

ENSR Corporation
December 2004
Document Number 01005-093-351





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December 10, 2004

Mr. Steve Faryan USEPA Region V Emergency Response Branch HSE-5J 77 West Jackson Blvd. Chicago, IL 60604-3590 Mr. Kevin Turner USEPA Region V Emergency Response Branch 8588 Route 148 Marion, IL 62959

Subject: The Hartford Area Hydrocarbon Plume Site / Hartford, Illinois

CSM Investigation Work Plan

Dear Messrs. Faryan and Turner:

ENSR International, on behalf of the Hartford Working Group (HWG), is submitting this Work Plan as a follow-up to the Vapor Migration Assessment Report submitted to the U.S. EPA in October 2004. This work plan supports further development of the Conceptual Site Model for the Site and includes field investigations that are planned to begin on December 27, 2004. ENSR and the HWG appreciate your timely review of this work plan.

Please contact me at (630) 836-1700 with any questions.

Sincerely,

Ralph C. Feeney Program Manager

enclosure: CSM Investigation Work Plan, December 2004, 01005-093-351

cc: Hartford Working Group
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1.0 INTRODUCTION

This work plan has been prepared by ENSR Corporation, on behalf of the Hartford Working Group (HWG), to address additional soil vapor investigation for the Hartford Area Hydrocarbon Plume Site (Site). This work plan is designed as a follow up to the Vapor Migration Pathway Assessment (VMPA) Report that was submitted to the U.S. EPA in October 2004. This work plan was prepared as a joint effort by the following companies: Atlantic Richfield; The Premcor Refining Group Inc.; and Shell Oil Products U.S. Representatives of these companies have organized to form the HWG.

The VMPA, along with other studies in the Hartford area, contributed significant information towards the development of the conceptual site model (CSM) for the Site. The CSM integrates technical information from many sources to aid in understanding potential risks to human health and the environment. It guides the identification of additional data needed to make decisions regarding those risks. The CSM for the Site can be described as having the following four components.

- A GIS database which serves as a repository for data collected for the Site as well as a tool for visually displaying the data.
- A detailed collection of geologic profiles for the site that display subsurface analytical data.
- A set of home vapor intrusion scenarios that illustrate the likely vapor exposure pathways in different areas of the Village.
- An on-going review of meteorological data to identify potential environmental factors that may influence vapor migration and intrusion events.

The work described in this work plan augments the CSM in the following three areas.

- Provides an overall increase in the density of data points within the Site boundaries.
- Further assesses potential impacts to the Site from adjacent off-site source areas.
- Provides a focused assessment of shallow sources that have been identified within the Site boundaries.

Finally, an important schedule driver for implementing this work plan is the startup of the upgraded soil vapor extraction (SVE) system by Clayton Group services, Inc. in February 2005. Completing the soil vapor sample collection portion of this work before February 1, 2005 will provide a baseline set of soil vapor data prior startup of the SVE system.



2.0 INVESTIGATION APPROACH

The following sections summarize the investigation approach outlined in this work plan.

2.1 Shallow Passive Soil Vapor Survey

Shallow passive soil vapor surveys will be conducted to better define the vapor migration pathway in areas around identified shallow sources and for determining potential locations for additional vapor pathway assessment via passive or active sampling. The areas identified for passive soil vapor survey are on the Community Center property along Rand Avenue (Area 1), and along North Olive Street between East Elm and East Forest (Area 2), as shown on Figure 2-1. Both Gore-Sorber® and EmFluxTM passive soil vapor sampling devices will be installed for this purpose using direct-push at depths and for periods of time recommended by the manufacturer. The samplers will be spaced at approximately 50-foot intervals within the defined areas. Results from the passive samplers will be compared to samples collected from adjacent vapor monitoring points (VMPs) for validation purposes. Soil headspace field screening will also be conducted using a photoionization detector (PID) and flame-ionization detector (FID) for comparison to the passive sampler results.

It is currently uncertain whether either of the passive samplers will provide meaningful data. Following the passive soil vapor survey, a decision will be made on whether or not the passive samplers will be effective for additional site characterization. If the soil vapor surveys in these areas prove useful to better understanding and defining the shallow soil vapor distribution, then they may be used in other areas of the Village and incorporated into the work described in the following section.

2.2 Shallow Soil Investigation

A shallow soil investigation will be conducted in an attempt to better understand the nature and extent of shallow petroleum sources and their potential contribution to vapor intrusion. In addition, the soil investigation will be used to identify vapor migration pathways requiring additional assessment. The targeted areas for shallow soil investigation are within Village of Hartford right-of-way areas shown on Figure 2-1 (Areas 3 thru 7) and are described as follows.

- Northwest and northeast corners of the Site and area along North Olive Street between East Elm and East Forest where shallow sources have been identified by previous investigations, as shown on Figure 2-2 (Clayton, April 2004).
- Reported former gasoline station located at 701 North Delmar Avenue.
- Suspected location of a former gasoline station at 300 North Delmar Avenue.

A Geoprobe[™] or equivalent will be used to collect continuous soil samples via direct push to a depth of 15 feet within the areas shown on Figure 2-1. Soil sampling will start near identified or suspected



sources and extend outward from these locations depending on access limitations. Soil borings will be spaced at approximately 25- to 100-foot intervals and conducted by a field geologist in accordance with the decision tree illustrated in Figure 2-3. Decisions regarding boring locations will be based on visual field observations and soil headspace screening using a PID/FID. Soil samples will be collected by the field geologist for purposes of delineating sources and submitted to a laboratory for BTEX and MTBE analysis according to U.S. EPA Method 5035/8260. Soil headspace screening and/or soil sample analytical results will be used to determine potential locations to identify vapor migration pathways requiring additional assessment via passive or active soil vapor sampling.

Shallow passive soil vapor surveys, as described in Section 2.1, may also be conducted at borings installed for the shallow source soil investigation. Therefore, completion of the shallow source investigation will be sequenced to occur following receipt and evaluation of the passive soil survey data from the test areas described in Section 2.1. Locations for passive sampling in Areas 3 through 7 will be selected by the field geologist to cover a broad range of anticipated soil vapor conditions based on field screening results. Borings will be backfilled with bentonite to the appropriate depth as necessary for installation of the passive samplers.

2.3 Active Soil Vapor Monitoring Port Installation

Active soil vapor monitoring points (VMPs) will be installed at locations (see Figure 2-1) where data gaps in the vapor migration pathway have been identified. Detailed rational for selecting these locations and their proposed depths are provided in Table 2-1. The data gaps have been generally classified as:

- Further delineation of the soil vapor plume in the buffer zone.
- Further soil vapor investigation in areas where the Main Sand is relatively shallow.
- Investigation of potential soil vapor impacts to the Site from shallow sources along the North Olive Street pipeline corridor.
- Further definition of the soil vapor plume along the eastern Site boundary.
- Investigation of potential impacts to the Site from sources along the Elm Street pipeline corridor.
- Investigation of potential impacts to the Site from sources northeast of Site boundary, including installation of VMPs at some off-site locations.
- Investigation of potential impacts to the Site from potential sources north of Rand Avenue, including installation of some VMPs at some off-site locations.
- Further definition of the soil vapor plume west of the Site along Old Saint Louis Road between West Cherry and West Date.



Soil samples will be collected by the field geologist and submitted to a laboratory for BTEX and MTBE analysis by U.S. EPA Method 5035/8260. Two soil samples for laboratory analysis will be selected from each boring based on soil headspace screening results using a PID/FID. Soil samples will also be collected and submitted to a laboratory for geotechnical analyses, including grain-size, porosity, moisture content, and bulk density.

At this time, the HWG is not proposing to step-out from these proposed VMP locations based on field observations during installation. This is primarily due to the following facts:

- Physical access to areas further north of the Site is limited by the presence of Route 3 and ConocoPhillips property to the northwest; Casey's General Store and Hartford Wood River Terminal properties to the north; and the BP/Amoco property to the north and northeast.
- Investigations by HWG companies are being planned that will include installation of additional VMPs to the northeast and east of the Site, with the data being shared with the HWG.
- The nature and extent of the soil vapor plume around the southwestern and southern boundary of the residual free-phase plume is essentially delineated and is being augmented with some additional VMPs installed at selected locations to improve data density.

Active soil vapor sampling of the VMPs will be conducted in January 2005. This will include sampling of new and existing VMPs and potentially monitoring points (MPs) previously installed by Clayton Group Services, Inc. around the new SVE wells. The objective of this sampling is to establish a baseline of soil vapor concentrations prior to start-up of the upgraded SVE system (anticipated in February 2005) and to assess whether additional characterization is required. Soil vapor sampling locations will be determined at a later date as additional data is collected.

2.4 Passive Sewer Vapor Sampling

Passive sewer vapor sampling will be conducted in Village of Hartford sanitary sewer manways in two areas. The first area includes all manways located north of the Cherry Street, including manways potentially located north of Rand Avenue. The second area is along North Olive Street between East Elm and East Maple and extending west along East Forest and East Watkins to manways on North Market Street. The objective is to collect sewer vapor data at the same time the shallow passive soil vapor sampling described in Section 2.1 is conducted.

The passive samplers will be hung in the sewer manways. They will remain in place for a period of two weeks, after which they will be retrieved and replaced with a new sampler that will be installed for another two weeks. Upon retrieval, the samplers will be shipped to a laboratory for analysis. This will continue through April 2004, at which time a decision to continue with this sampling will be made based on the analytical results.



2.5 Indoor/Outdoor Air Sampling

In conjunction with the active soil vapor sampling described in Section 2.3, ENSR will also contact residents and schedule indoor air sampling. The objective is to collect indoor air samples at the same time soil vapor samples are collected. The residents that will be contacted for participation in the indoor air sampling event will be those where ENSR has previously conducted indoor air sampling and are located in areas where the site conceptual model indicates increased risk of vapor intrusion from shallow vapor concentrations.

2.6 Monitoring Program

A monitoring program will be developed utilizing the soil vapor monitoring network installed within the Village of Hartford. The overall objective of the program will be to track temporal changes in subsurface vapor conditions during different times throughout 2005. Components of the monitoring program will include tracking of weather conditions and on-going correlation with observations of vapor intrusion within the Village; quarterly soil vapor and indoor air sampling at selected locations throughout the Village; monthly soil vapor and indoor air sampling at a subset of homes during the spring of 2005; weekly sampling of soil gas at a few selected VMPs in areas where the vapor migration pathway may potentially be complete; and continuous soil vapor pressure monitoring and comparison of soil vapor pressures to meteorological data that is collected. Further details will be provided at a later date.



3.0 SCHEDULE AND REPORTING

Figure 3-1 presents an anticipated schedule for completion of the field activities described in this work plan. The actual start date for work activities will be dependent on weather conditions and the ability to obtain clearances to conduct borings in areas congested with numerous buried utility lines and pipelines. Therefore, it is also contingent upon obtaining approval for completing borings near pipelines from the respective companies. The actual length of time to complete the work will be dependent not only on weather conditions but also on the findings in the field.

The data collected from the activities proposed in this work plan will be evaluated and presented in a report that will be submitted to the Agencies 60 days following completion of the field work described herein. This current schedule anticipates this report will be submitted on May 10, 2005.



4.0 REFERENCES

- Clayton Group Services, April 2004. FPH CPT/ROST™ Subsurface Investigation Report and FPH Monitoring Well and Soil Sampling Plan for the Village of Hartford, Illinois. Prepared for the Hartford Working Group. Clayton Project No. 15-03095.14.003.
- Clayton Group Services, October 2004. Free-Phase Hydrocarbon Investigation Report. Prepared for the Hartford Working Group. Clayton Project No. 15-03095-14.006.
- ENSR Corporation, May 2004. DRAFT Vapor Mitigation System Pilot Test Report. Prepared for the Hartford Working Group. ENSR Document No. 01005-093-210.
- ENSR Corporation, June 2004a. DRAFT Initial Vapor Migration Pathway Assessment Report. Prepared for the Hartford Working Group. ENSR Document No. 01005-093-350.
- ENSR Corporation, July 2004. Health and Safety Plan for the Hartford Area Hydrocarbon Plume Site. Prepared for the Hartford Working Group. ENSR Document No. 01005-093-300.
- ENSR Corporation, September 2004. Design Plan for Vapor Intrusion Mitigation at the Hartford Community Center. Prepared for the Hartford Working Group. ENSR Document No. 01005-093-400.
- ENSR Corporation, October 2004. Vapor Migration Pathway Assessment Report. Prepared for the Hartford Working Group. ENSR Document No. 01005-093-350b.
- U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, November 29, 2002. OSWER Draft Guidance for Evaluating the Vapor Intrusion to Indoor Air Pathway from Groundwater and Soild (Subsurface Vapor Intrusion Guidance). Docket ID No. RCRA 2002-0033.

TABLE 2-1

Summary of Proposed Soil Vapor Monitoring Point Locations

Proposed VMP		Anticipated Installation Depths/Stratum	Rational/Notes	
VMP-27	D	1 ft into Rand Stratum	Confirm depth of Rand Stratum; adjacent to VMP-27S,M	
VMP-28	D	1 ft into Rand Stratum	Confirm depth of Rand Stratum; adjacent to VMP-28S,M	
VMP-45	VS	5 ft into silty clay overburden	Evaluate potential vapors associated with presence of dissolved BTEX in groundwater	
	S	1 ft into North Olive Stratum	samples from monitoring wells HMW-49C/D; evaluate potential off-site sources north of	
	М	Unsaturated permeable unit b/w NO and EPA	Rand Ave.; evaluate extent of vapor plume to the north; Rand Stratum not present; EPA	
	D	1 ft into EPA Stratum (if unsaturated)	Sand is first saturated stratum; Main Sand confined.	
VMP-46	VS	5 ft into silty clay overburden	Evaluate potential vapors associated with presence of dissolved BTEX in groundwater	
	S	1 ft into North Olive Stratum	samples from monitoring wells HMW-49C/D; evaluate potential off-site sources north of	
	М	Unsaturated permeable unit b/w NO and EPA	Rand Ave.; evaluate extent of vapor plume to the north; Rand Stratum not present; EPA	
	D	1 ft into EPA Stratum (if unsaturated)	Sand is first saturated stratum; Main Sand confined.	
VMP-47	VS	5 ft into silty clay overburden	Evaluate potential vapors associated with presence of dissolved BTEX in groundwater	
	S	1 ft into North Olive Stratum	samples from monitoring well HMW-38C; evaluate potential off-site sources north of Rand	
	М	1 ft into Rand Stratum	Ave. that may affect Community Center; evaluate extent of vapor plume to the northwest;	
	D	1 ft into Main Sand (if unsaturated)	Rand may not be present; Main Sand may be confined.	
VMP-48	VS	5 ft into silty clay overburden	Evaluate potential vapors associated with presence of free-product in groundwater at	
	S	1 ft into North Olive Stratum	monitoring well HMW-46C; evaluate potential off-site sources north of Rand Ave. that may	
	М	1 ft into Rand Stratum	affect Community Center; evaluate extent of vapor plume to the north.	
	D	1 ft into EPA Stratum/Main Sand (if unsaturated)	-	
VMP-49		5 ft into silty clay overburden	Evaluate potential vapors associated with potential off-site sources northeast of site	
	S	1 ft into North Olive Stratum	boundary; evaluate extent of vapor plume north of site boundary.	
	M	1 ft into Rand Stratum/EPA Stratum	-	
ļ		1 ft into Main Sand (if unsaturated)	-	
VMP-50		5 ft into silty clay overburden	Evaluate potential vapors associated with potential off-site sources northeast of site	
VIVII OO		1 ft into North Olive Stratum	boundary and with shallow residual free-phase hydrocarbon (FPH) impacts (4-10 ft) in this	
	М	1 ft into Rand Stratum	area; evaluate extent of vapor plume to the northeast; Main Sand is saturated.	
	D	1 ft into FRAId Stratum/Main Sand (if unsaturated)	-	
VMP-51		5 ft into silty clay overburden	Evaluate potential vapors associated with off-site sources northeast of site boundary;	
VIVIE -31	S	1 ft into Sand Stratum	evaluate extent of vapor plume northeast of site boundary.	
	M	1 ft into EPA Stratum		
	D	1 ft into Main Sand (if unsaturated)	-	
VMP-52		5 ft into silty clay overburden	Evaluate extent of vapors west of VMP-44D (benzene detected at 12,000 ppbv).	
VIVIF-32	S	1 ft into North Olive Stratum	Groundwater in HMW-39C is below Class I Groundwater Quality Standards for BTEX.	
		1 ft into Rand Stratum		
	M		-	
\/MD 50	D	1 ft into Main Sand (if unsaturated) 5 ft into silty clay overburden	Frequents and and and representation of the second and and and and and and and and and a	
VMP-53	S	1 ft into Sirty clay overburden	Evaluate soil and soil vapors from potenital sources along and east of N.Olive St. and along east site boundary.	
		1 ft into North Olive Stratum		
			-	
\/MD = 4		1 ft into EPA Stratum/Main Sand (if unsaturated)	Evaluate call and call vapors from notantial courses along and cost of N.Olive Chand	
VMP-54		5 ft into silty clay overburden	Evaluate soil and soil vapors from potential sources along and east of N.Olive St. and east site boundary.	
		1 ft into Rand Stratum	- Court one boundary.	
		1 ft into EPA Stratum	1	
\/AID 55		1 ft into Main Sand (if unsaturated)	Forbest and advantage for a second of the control o	
VMP-55		5 ft into silty clay overburden	Evaluate soil and soil vapors from sources along and east of N.Olive St. and along east site boundary; evaluate vapors between VP-4S,M,D and SSDS pilot test home.	
		1 ft into North Olive Stratum	Site soundary, evaluate vapors between vi -40,1vi,b and 3000 pilot test nome.	
		1 ft into Rand Stratum		
\/\4D ==	D	1 ft into EPA Stratum/Main Sand (if unsaturated)	Fredrick and and advance from the 201	
VMP-56		5 ft into silty clay overburden	Evaluate soil and soil vapors from potenital sources along and east of N.Olive St. and	
		1 ft into North Olive Stratum	along east site boundary.	
		1 ft into Rand Stratum		
		1 ft into Main Sand (if unsaturated)		
VMP-57		5 ft into silty clay overburden	Evaluate soil and soil vapors from potential sources along W. Elm St.; better define vapor	
	S	1 ft into North Olive Stratum	Tplume in buffer zone area; confirm depth of Main Sand, which is relatively shallow here; Rand Stratum not present.	
	М	1 ft into Main Sand	Traine Guatam Hot present.	
	D	10 ft into Main Sand (above water table)		

TABLE 2-1

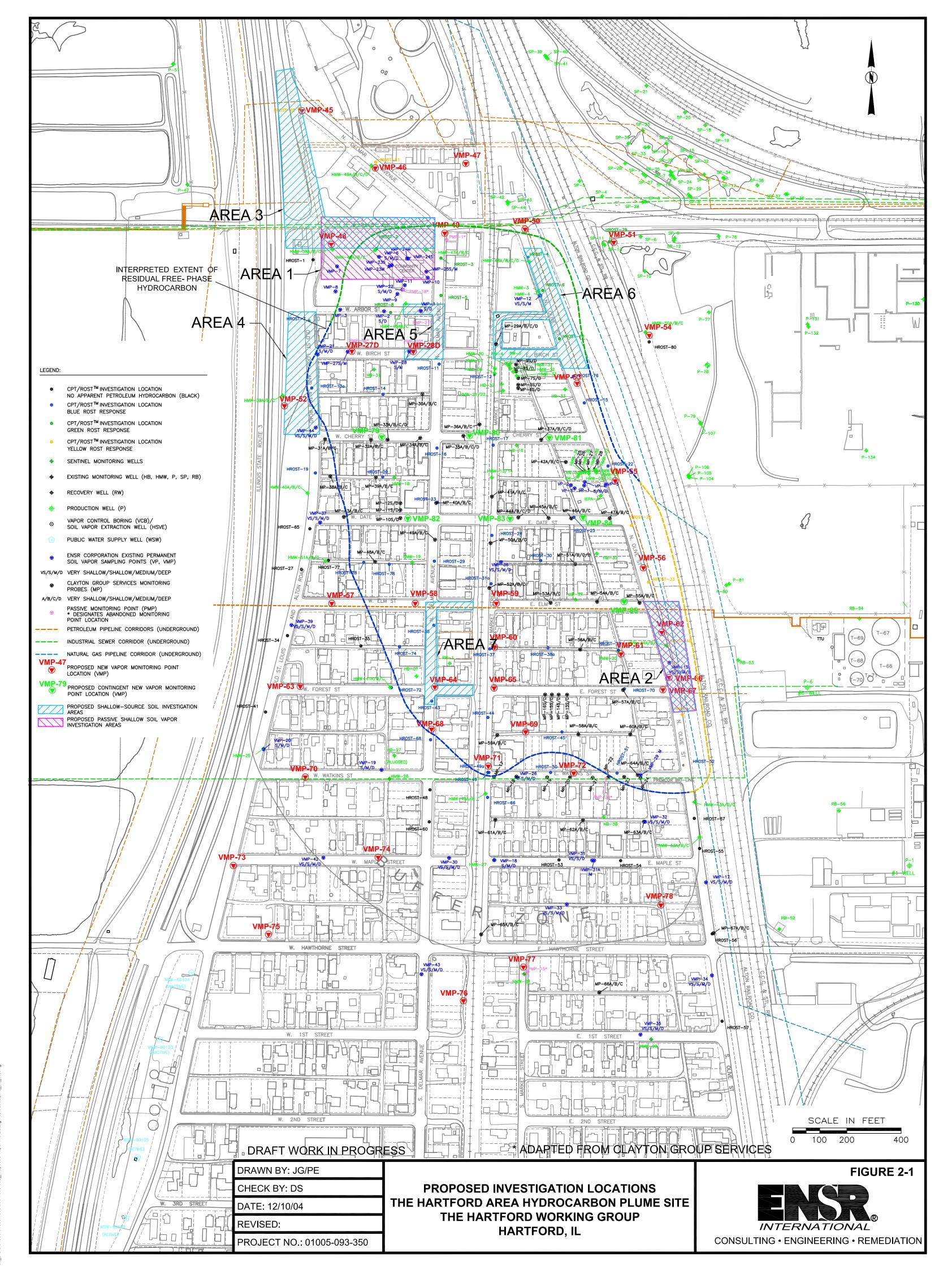
Summary of Proposed Soil Vapor Monitoring Point Locations

Proposed VMP		Anticipated Installation Depths/Stratum	Rational/Notes	
VMP-58	VS	5 ft into silty clay overburden	Evaluate soil and soil vapors from potential sources along W. Elm St. and shallow (10 - 20	
	S	1 ft into any permeable unit above Main Sand	ft) residual FPH impact; confirm depth of Main Sand.	
	M	1 ft into Main Sand		
	D	10 ft into Main Sand (above water table)		
VMP-59	VS	5 ft into silty clay overburden	Evaluate soil and soil vapors from potential sources along E. Elm St. and shallow (10 - 2	
	S	2 ft into Rand Stratum	ft) residual FPH impact; confirm depth of Main Sand.	
	M	1 ft into Main Sand		
	D	10 ft into Main Sand		
VMP-60	VS	5 ft into silty clay overburden	Evaluate soil and soil vapors from potential sources along E. Elm St. and shallow (10 - 20	
	S	1 ft into any permeable unit above Main Sand	ft) residual FPH impact; confirm depth of Main Sand.	
	M	1 ft into Main Sand		
	D	10 ft into Main Sand (above water table)		
VMP-61	VS	5 ft into silty clay overburden	Evaluate soil and soil vapors from potential sources along E. Elm St. and N. Olive St.;	
	S	1 ft into North Olive Stratum	confirm depth of Main Sand where it appears to be shallowest on-site and shallow (10 - 2	
	М	1 ft into Rand Stratum	-ft) residual FPH is present; approx. 200 ft west of HROST-40.	
	D	1 ft into Main Sand		
VMP-62	VS	5 ft into silty clay overburden	Evaluate soil and soil vapors from potential sources along N. Olive St.; approx. 50 ft north	
	S	1 ft into North Olive Stratum	of HROST-40, where very shallow (4 - 10 ft) residual FPH impact present.	
	М	1 ft into Rand Stratum		
	D	1 ft into Main Sand		
VMP-63	VS	5 ft into silty clay overburden	Improve data density within buffer zone and install a vapor monitoring point on W. Forest.	
	S	1 ft into North Olive Stratum		
	М	1 ft into Main Sand		
	D	10 ft into Main Sand		
VMP-64	VS	5 ft into silty clay overburden	Improve data density and confirm depth of Main Sand. Evaluate potential vapors from	
	S	1 ft into North Olive Stratum (if present)	dissolved BTEX detected in groundwater samples from HMW-41B (benzene detected at	
	М	1 ft into Main Sand	-3.29 mg/L).	
	D	10 ft into Main Sand		
VMP-65	VS	5 ft into silty clay overburden	Improve data density and confirm depth of Main Sand in area where Main Sand is	
	S	1 ft into any permeable unit above Main Sand	relatively shallow.	
	М	1 ft into Main Sand		
	D	10 ft into Main Sand (above water table)		
VMP-66	VS	5 ft into silty clay overburden	Evaluate soil and soil vapors from potential sources along and east of N.Olive St. ar	
	S	1 ft into North Olive Stratum	along east site boundary; location is approximately 50 ft south/southwest of VMP-15 and	
	М	1 ft into Rand Stratum	approximately 100 ft south of HROST-40 where very shallow (4 - 10 ft) residual FPH impact present.	
	D	1 ft into Main Sand		
VMP-67	VS	5 ft into silty clay overburden	Evaluate soil and soil vapors from potential sources along and east of N.Olive St. and	
	S	1 ft into North Olive Stratum	along east site boundary; location is approximately 50 ft south/southwest of VMP-65 (100	
	М	1 ft into Rand Stratum	ft south/southwest of VMP-15 and 150 south of HROST-40).	
	D	1 ft into Main Sand		
VMP-68	VS	5 ft into silty clay overburden	Improve data density and confirm depth of Main Sand in area where Main Sand is	
		1 ft into any permeable unit above Main Sand	relatively shallow.	
		1 ft into Main Sand	1	
	D	10 ft into Main Sand (above water table)	1	
VMP-69	VS	5 ft into silty clay overburden	Improve data density and confirm depth of Main Sand in area where Main Sand is	
	S	1 ft into any permeable unit above Main Sand	relatively shallow.	
		1 ft into Main Sand	-	
	D	10 ft into Main Sand (above water table)	1	
VMP-70	VS	5 ft into silty clay overburden	Improve data density within buffer zone and install a vapor monitoring point on W.	
		1 ft into any permeable unit above Main Sand	Watkins.	
	M	1 ft into Main Sand	1	
	D	10 ft into Main Sand (above water table)	1	

TABLE 2-1

Summary of Proposed Soil Vapor Monitoring Point Locations

Proposed VMP		Anticipated Installation Depths/Stratum	Rational/Notes
VMP-71	VS	5 ft into silty clay overburden	Improve data density and confirm depth of Main Sand in area where Main Sand is
	S	1 ft into any permeable unit above Main Sand	relatively shallow.
	М	1 ft into Main Sand	1
	D	10 ft into Main Sand (above water table)	1
VMP-72	VS	5 ft into silty clay overburden	Evaluate utility impacts and confirm depth of Main Sand on E. Watkins in area where Main
	S	1 ft into any permeable unit above Main Sand	Sand is relatively shallow
	M	1 ft into Main Sand	1
	D	10 ft into Main Sand (above water table)	1
VMP-73	VS	5 ft into silty clay overburden	Evaluate buffer zone area west of VMP-42, where benzene was detected in shallow
	S	1 ft into any permeable unit above Main Sand	overburden at 620 ppbv and the Main Sand at 740 ppbv; improve data density in buffer
	M	1 ft into Main Sand	zone.
	D	10 ft into Main Sand (above water table)]
VMP-74	VS	5 ft into silty clay overburden	Evaluate buffer zone area east of VMP-42, where benzene was detected in shallow
	S	1 ft into any permeable unit above Main Sand	overburden at 620 ppbv and the Main Sand at 740 ppbv; improve data density in buffer zone and along W. Maple.
	M	1 ft into Main Sand	
	D	10 ft into Main Sand (above water table)	
VMP-75	VS	5 ft into silty clay overburden	Evaluate buffer zone area southwest of VMP-42, where benzene was detected in shallow
	S	1 ft into any permeable unit above Main Sand	overburden at 620 ppbv and the Main Sand at 740 ppbv; location is at Village of Hartford
	M	1 ft into Main Sand	public library; provide data point between VMP-42 and Village water supply wells.
	D	10 ft into Main Sand (above water table)	
VMP-76	VS	5 ft into silty clay overburden	Evaluate buffer zone area south of MP-65, where benzene was detected in shallow overburden at 1.6 ppbv in the shallow overburden and 270 ppbv in the Main Sand; in alleywest of railroad tracks.
	S	1 ft into any permeable unit above Main Sand	
	M	1 ft into Main Sand	
	D	10 ft into Main Sand (above water table)	
VMP-77	VS	5 ft into silty clay overburden	Evaluate buffer zone area south of MP-65, where benzene was detected in shallow overburden at 1.6 ppbv in the shallow overburden and 270 ppbv in the Main Sand; next to HMW-28 on S. Market St.
	S	1 ft into any permeable unit above Main Sand	
	М	1 ft into Main Sand	THINIVY-20 UII 3. IVIAIREL 3L
	D	10 ft into Main Sand (above water table)	
VMP-78		5 ft into silty clay overburden	Improve data density in southeast area of buffer zone.
	S	1 ft into any permeable unit above Main Sand	
	М	1 ft into Main Sand	
	D	10 ft into Main Sand (above water table)]



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